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this subpart, or in subpart E relating to truck shipments on the Canadian border, subpart F relating to commercial traveler's samples, and subpart G relating to baggage, Customs Form 7512–B or 7533–C shall be presented.

- (d) Contents of in-transit manifest. The information contained in the manifest shall correspond to the information contained in the waybill accompanying the shipment, except that:
- (1) The conveyance shall be identified in a suitable manner in the place provided for such identification.
- (2) The description of ladings made up of several shipments which are to go forward in a conveyance or compartment sealed with Customs seals shall be "miscellaneous shipments."
- (3) When an in-transit rail shipment will enter and reenter Canada in a continuing movement en route to a final destination in the United States, only the final United States port of reentry shall be shown on the manifest.

[T.D. 70–121, 35 FR 8215, May 26, 1970, as amended by T.D. 82–145, 47 FR 35478, Aug. 16, 1982]

§ 123.23 Train sheet for in-transit rail shipments.

Before an in-transit train proceeding under the provisions of this subpart departs from the United States, the carrier shall furnish to the customs officer at the port of exit a train sheet, sometimes called a consist, bridge sheet or trip sheet, listing each car of the train and specifically identifying the intransit cars, unless a consolidated manifest containing this information has been presented for a train which will remain intact.

§ 123.24 Sealing of conveyances or compartments.

- (a) Sealing required. Merchandise in transit proceeding under the provisions of this subpart shall be transported in sealed conveyances or compartments, except that:
- (1) Less than load or compartment lots may be forwarded in unsealed conveyances or compartments, without cording and sealing:
- (2) The Commissioner of Customs may authorize treatment of full loads or lots in the same manner as less than load or compartment lots;

- (3) Live animals identifiable by specific description in the manifest may be transported in the care of an attendant or customs inspector at the expense of the parties in interest, in unsealed conveyances or compartments.
- (b) Seals to be affixed. The carrier shall affix blue in-transit seals to all openings of conveyances and compartments containing in-transit merchandise except that:
- (1) Sealable carload shipments on the Canadian border shall be sealed with yellow in-transit seals.
- (2) Conveyances or compartments sealed with U.S. Customs red in-bound seals may go forward without additional seals.
- (c) Carrier relieved of responsibility. The port director may relieve the carrier of the responsibility of affixing intransit seals by notification in writing that Customs inspectors will assume it.

§ 123.25 Certification and disposition of manifests.

- (a) Certification. Conveyances proceeding under the provisions of this subpart shall not proceed until the Customs inspector has certified the intransit manifest or verified its certification by the carrier. The port director may require the carrier to execute the certificate as an alternative to certification by the Customs officer. When the carrier is to execute the certificate, and the merchandise will be forwarded without being under Customs seals, the agent of the carrier shall carefully examine the packages covered by the manifests to satisfy himself that the merchandise agrees with the manifest as to quantity and description.
- (b) Disposition of manifest. The original manifest, after certification, shall accompany the merchandise. Additional copies required when the merchandise is to be transshipped in Canada or Mexico under Customs supervision shall be given to the person in charge of the conveyance for delivery to the Customs officers who will supervise transshipment.